

**Information to identify the case:**

Debtor 1	<b>Isaac Thomas</b> First Name    Middle Name    Last Name	Social Security number or ITIN <b>xxx-xx-9603</b>
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing)	First Name    Middle Name    Last Name	EIN <b>-----</b> Social Security number or ITIN <b>-----</b>
United States Bankruptcy Court	<b>Southern District of Ohio</b>	EIN <b>-----</b> Date case filed in chapter <b>13</b> <b>3/12/15</b>
Case number:	<b>2:15-bk-51476</b> Case Assigned To: <b>John E. Hoffman Jr.</b>	Date case converted to chapter <b>7</b> <b>3/7/16</b>

**Official Form 309B (For Individuals or Joint Debtors)**

**Notice of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case -- Proof of Claim Deadline Set**

12/15

For the debtors listed above, a case has been filed under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. An order for relief has been entered.

This notice has important information about the case for creditors, debtors, and trustees, including information about the meeting of creditors and deadlines. Read both pages carefully.

The filing of the case imposed an automatic stay against most collection activities. This means that creditors generally may not take action to collect debts from the debtors or the debtors' property. For example, while the stay is in effect, creditors cannot sue, garnish wages, assert a deficiency, repossess property, or otherwise try to collect from the debtors. Creditors cannot demand repayment from debtors by mail, phone, or otherwise. Creditors who violate the stay can be required to pay actual and punitive damages and attorney's fees. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although debtors can ask the court to extend or impose a stay.

The debtors are seeking a discharge. Creditors who assert that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge of any debts or who want to have a particular debt excepted from discharge may be required to file a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office within the deadlines specified in this notice. (See line 9 for more information.)

To protect your rights, consult an attorney. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below or through PACER (Public Access to Court Electronic Records at [www.pacer.gov](http://www.pacer.gov)).

**The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.**

**To help creditors correctly identify debtors, debtors submit full Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers, which may appear on a version of this notice. However, the full numbers must not appear on any document filed with the court.**

**Do not file this notice with any proof of claim or other filing in the case. Do not include more than the last four digits of a Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number in any document, including attachments, that you file with the court.**

<b>About Debtor 1:</b>		<b>About Debtor 2:</b>
<b>1. Debtor's full name</b>	Isaac Thomas	
<b>2. All other names used in the last 8 years</b>		
<b>3. Address</b>	3038 Karl Rd. Columbus, OH 43224	
<b>4. Debtor's attorney</b> Name and address	Laura M Nesbitt The Nesbitt Law Firm 5400 Frantz Road, Suite 210 Dublin, OH 43016	Contact phone 614-800-0262 Email: <a href="mailto:laura@nesbittfirm.com">laura@nesbittfirm.com</a>
<b>5. Bankruptcy trustee</b> Name and address	Susan L Rhiel 394 E. Town Street Columbus, OH 43215	Contact phone 614-221-4670 Email: <a href="mailto:pleadings@susanattorneys.com">pleadings@susanattorneys.com</a>

For more information, see page 2 >

Debtor Isaac Thomas

Case number 2:15-bk-51476

<b>6. Bankruptcy clerk's office</b>	170 North High Street Columbus, OH 43215-2414	Hours open 9:00 am – 4:00 pm Monday through Friday  Contact phone (614)469-6638  Date: 3/11/16
<b>7. Meeting of creditors</b>	<b>April 19, 2016 at 09:00 AM</b>	Location:  <b>U.S. Bankruptcy Building, 170 North High Street, Suite 100, Columbus, OH 43215</b>
<b>8. Presumption of abuse</b>	Debtors must attend the meeting to be questioned under oath. In a joint case, both spouses must attend. Creditors may attend, but are not required to do so.	The meeting may be continued or adjourned to a later date. If so, the date will be on the court docket. <b>No unauthorized cellular phones, cameras, recording devices, weapons, pagers or other portable electronic devices are permitted on the court's premises.</b>
<b>9. Deadlines</b>	<p><b>File by the deadline to object to discharge or to challenge whether certain debts are dischargeable:</b>  <b>You must file a complaint:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if you assert that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge of any debts under any of the subdivisions of 11 U.S.C. § 727(a)(2) through (7), or</li> <li>• if you want to have a debt excepted from discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(2), (4) or (6).</li> </ul>   <b>You must file a motion:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if you assert that the discharge should be denied under § 727(a)(8) or (9).</li> </ul> </p> <p><b>Deadline for all creditors to file a proof of claim (except governmental units):</b>  A governmental unit must file 180 days after the date of the Order for Relief (except as otherwise provided in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3002(c)(1)).</p> <p><b>Deadlines for filing proof of claim:</b>  A proof of claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If you would like to electronically complete and file a Proof of Claim form, you may do so at the following web site:  <a href="https://www.ohsb.uscourts.gov/proofofclaim.aspx">https://www.ohsb.uscourts.gov/proofofclaim.aspx</a>  If you do not have access to a computer, or prefer to file the Proof of Claim manually, a Proof of Claim form can be obtained at <a href="http://www.ohsb.uscourts.gov">www.ohsb.uscourts.gov</a>. If you do not file a proof of claim by the deadline, you might not be paid on your claim. To be paid, you must file a proof of claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules that the debtor filed.  Secured creditors retain rights in their collateral regardless of whether they file a proof of claim. Filing a proof of claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a proof of claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial.</p> <p><b>Deadline to object to exemptions:</b>  The law permits debtors to keep certain property as exempt. If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption claimed, you may file an objection.</p>	<b>Filing deadline:</b> 6/20/16  <b>Filing deadline:</b> 7/18/16
<b>10. Creditors with a foreign address</b>	If you are a creditor receiving a notice mailed to a foreign address, you may file a motion asking the court to extend the deadlines in this notice. Consult an attorney familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions about your rights in this case.	<b>Filing deadline:</b> 30 days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors
<b>11. Liquidation of the debtor's property and payment of creditors' claims</b>	The bankruptcy trustee listed on the front of this notice will collect and sell the debtor's property that is not exempt. If the trustee can collect enough money, creditors may be paid some or all of the debts owed to them in the order specified by the Bankruptcy Code. To ensure you receive any share of that money, you must file a proof of claim as described above.	
<b>12. Exempt property</b>	The law allows debtors to keep certain property as exempt. Fully exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors. Debtors must file a list of property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at <a href="http://www.pacer.gov">www.pacer.gov</a> . If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption that the debtors claim, you may file an objection. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the deadline to object to exemptions in line 9.	
<b>13. Abandonment</b>	Pursuant to L.B.R. 6007-1, the trustee may abandon property listed on the debtor's schedules upon the request of any party in interest or upon the trustee's determination that there is no equity in the property for the benefit of unsecured creditors and that the property is burdensome. Further notice to creditors and other parties in interest is not required for the abandonment of any property unless a party in interest, before the conclusion of the § 341 meeting, files a request for further notice of abandonment with service of such notice on the trustee, or unless further notice is ordered by the court or required by the trustee.	

If you would like to receive all future notices from the Bankruptcy Court electronically (email), you may register for the courts free Electronic Bankruptcy Noticing (EBN) service. EBN is reliable, fast, and efficient. Additional details and registration are available at: [EBN.uscourts.gov](http://EBN.uscourts.gov)